

Sample & Company  
 Sample House  
 123 Sample Road  
 Sample  
 SAM 123

T: 0845 013 6526  
 F: 0845 013 6527  
 E: info@sample&company.co.uk  
 W: www.sample&company.co.uk



# PENSION CONSOLIDATION

KEEPING TRACK OF YOUR PENSION PORTFOLIO TO GET THE BEST OUT OF THE CONTRIBUTIONS YOU'VE MADE



Pension consolidation involves moving, where appropriate, a number of pension plans.

Most people, during their career, accumulate a number of different pension plans. Keeping your pension savings in a number of different plans may result in lost investment opportunities and unnecessary exposure to risk. However not all consolidation of pensions will be in your best interests. You should always look carefully into the possible benefits and drawbacks and if unsure seek professional advice.

## Keeping track of your pension portfolio

It's important to ensure that you get the best out of the contributions you've made, and keep track of your pension portfolio to make sure it remains appropriate to your personal circumstances. Consolidating your existing pensions is one way of doing this.

Pension consolidation involves moving, where appropriate, a number of pension plans – potentially from many different pension providers – into one single plan. It is sometimes referred to as 'pension switching'.

Pension consolidation can be a very valuable exercise, as it can enable you to:

- Bring all your pension investments into one, easy-to-manage wrapper
- Identify any underperforming and expensive investments with a view to switching these to more appropriate investments
- Accurately review your pension provision in order to identify whether you are on track.

## Why consolidate your pensions?

Traditionally, personal pensions have favoured with-profits funds – low-risk investment funds that pool the policyholders' premiums. But many of these are now heavily invested in bonds to even out the stock market's ups and downs and, unfortunately, this can lead to diluted returns for investors.

It's vital that you review your existing pensions to assess whether they are still meeting your needs – some with-profits funds may not penalise all investors for withdrawal, so a cost-free exit could be possible.

## Focusing on fund performance

Many older plans from pension providers that have been absorbed into other companies have pension funds which are no longer open to new investment, so-called 'closed funds'. As a result, focusing on fund performance may not be a priority for the fund managers. These old-style pensions often impose higher charges that eat into your money, so it may be advisable to consolidate any investments in these funds into a potentially better performing and cheaper alternative.

## Economic and market movements

It's also worth taking a close look at any investments you may have in managed funds. Most unit-linked pensions are invested in a single managed fund offered by the pension provider and may not be quite as diverse as their name often implies. These funds are mainly equity-based and do not take economic and market movements into account.



Sample & Company  
 Sample House  
 123 Sample Road  
 Sample  
 SAM 123

T: 0845 013 6526  
 F: 0845 013 6527  
 E: info@sample&company.co.uk  
 W: www.sample&company.co.uk



Conversely, more people are now opting for pension income drawdown, rather than conventional annuities.



### Lack of the latest investment techniques

The lack of alternative or more innovative investment funds, especially within with-profits pensions – and often also a lack of the latest investment techniques – mean that your pension fund and your resulting retirement income could be disadvantaged.

### Significant equity exposure

Lifestyling is a concept whereby investment risk within a pension is managed according to the length of time to retirement. 'Lifestyled' pensions aim to ensure that, in its early years, the pension benefits from significant equity exposure. Then, as you get closer to retirement, risk is gradually reduced to prevent stock market fluctuations reducing the value of your pension. Most old plans do not offer lifestyling – so fund volatility will continue right up to the point you retire. This can be a risky strategy and inappropriate for those approaching retirement.

Conversely, more people are now opting for pension income drawdown, rather than conventional annuities. For such people, a lifestyled policy may be inappropriate.

### Contact us for further information

Throughout life most people will collect a number of different pension plans. The objective of consolidating your pensions is to bring them all under 'one roof' to either reduce charges, develop a balanced investment strategy taking into account the economic climate that exists, and your personal attitude to risk.

We can discuss consolidation of those plans that are not meeting your expectations and help you plan for retirement with the benefit of newer style pensions that have a broader investment horizon and potentially lower charges.

*Pension consolidation is a complex process. If you are at all uncertain about its suitability for your circumstances you should seek professional financial advice. A pension is a long-term investment. The fund value may fluctuate and can go down as well as up. You may not get back your original investment. Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Tax benefits may vary as a result of statutory change and their value will depend on individual circumstances. This is for your general information and use only and is not intended to address your particular requirements. It should not be relied upon in its entirety and shall not be deemed to be, or constitute, advice. Although endeavours have been made to provide accurate and timely information, Goldmine Media cannot guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No individual or company should act upon such information without receiving appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of their particular situation. We cannot accept responsibility for any loss as a result of acts or omissions taken in respect of any articles. Thresholds, percentage rates and tax legislation may change in subsequent Finance Acts.*